GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (dance).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

As a result of their schooling students will be able to				
PreK-Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	
Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	
 Identify body parts. Know that God made us and helps us keep our body parts moving. 	Identify body parts and basic locomotor and nonlocomotor movements.	Identify body parts and describe locomotor and nonlocomotor movements they perform.	Identify and describe basic locomotor and nonlocomotor movements in personal and peer	
Identify basic locomotor and nonlocomotor movements.	Know that God made us and helps us keep our body parts moving.	Know that God made us and helps us keep our body parts moving.	performances. 2. Know that the body has many parts and all work together for the Glory	
Explore personal and shared space.	3. Explore personal and shared space.	Identify personal and shared space.	of God.	
Identify quick and slow movements.	 Identify quick/slow and strong/light movements. 	Identify quick/slow and strong/light movements.	Distinguish among spatial factors (direction, level, size, shape). Describe quick/slow, strong/light	
	Organizational Principles Identify two parts in a dance or accompaniment (AB form). Identify starting and ending positions in personal or peer dances. Expressive Qualities Suggest meanings that locomotor and nonlocomotor movements can convey (e.g., light, quick skips suggest happiness).	Organizational Principles Identify two parts in a dance and/or accompaniment (AB form). Identify starting and ending positions in personal or peer dances. Expressive Qualities Suggest meanings that locomotor and nonlocomotor movement can convey (e.g., light, quick skips suggest happiness; dragging feet suggest sadness).	Organizational Principles Create and demonstrate dances showing an understanding of AB form and logical sequencing of movement (beginning, middle, and ending). Structure movements into dance phrases and sections. Expressive Qualities Identify specific actions, gestures, and changes in movements that communicate feeling and ideas.	

GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (dance).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6-8
 Sensory Elements Know that the body has many parts and all work together for the Glory of God. Identify ways to vary actions through contrast in time, force, and flow of movement. Observe and describe the use of spatial factors in dance compositions. Organizational Principles Identify various choreographic and musical forms (AB, ABA, and round). Expressive Qualities Interpret the kinds of meanings/feelings conveyed by different dances. 	 Sensory Elements Know that the body has many parts and all work together for the Glory of God. Identify ways to vary actions through contrasts in time, force, and flow of movement. Observe and describe relationships created through variations in spatial factors. Organizational Principles Identify and describe choreographic and musical forms (AB, ABA, round, rondo). Expressive Qualities Discuss possible meanings of various dance compositions. 	Sensory Elements 1. Know that the body has many parts and all work together for the Glory of God. 2. Describe dance compositions in terms of sensory elements (time, space, force, flow). Organizational Principles 3. Identify aesthetic principles (contrast, repetition, transition, variety, balance) and musical/choreographic forms (AB, canon, rondo, theme, variation). Expressive Qualities 4. Discuss how and why dances are open to different interpretations and reactions.

GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (drama).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

PreK-Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3
 Retell or act out what happened in a story. Identify characters in a drama. Identify characters in the Bible. Retell stories from the Bible. 	 Sensory Elements Identify uses of sound, movement and space in drama/theater. Organizational Principles Retell or act out what happened in a story. Identify characters and setting in a drama. Identify characters in the Bible. Dramatize stories from the Bible. Expressive Qualities Identify the emotions of happy, sad, mad, and scared. 	 Sensory Elements Differentiate personal space, group space, and partner space. Choose movements to communicate an idea. Distinguish between vocal and nonvocal sounds used in a drama. Organizational Principles Identify the beginning, middle, and end of a story. Identify the characters, setting, problem, and solution in a drama or religious story. Dramatize stories from the Bible. Expressive Qualities Identify emotions (e.g., happy, sad, mad, scared) created by actors in drama. 	 Sensory Elements Explain the difference between performance and audience space. Explain how movement and sound are used in drama/theater to communicate ideas and characters. Organizational Principles Suggest alternative dialogue and/or actions to complete or change a story. Identify the plot, character, setting, problem/resolution, and message of a drama or religious story. Dramatize stories from the Bible. Expressive Qualities Identify emotions communicated through body language.

GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (drama).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6-8
 Grade 4 Sensory Elements 1. Explain movement and vocal choices used to communicate an idea. 2. Explain how music and sound are used to communicate emotion and mood. Organizational Principles 3. Identify conflict in a dramatic situation. 4. Identify the elements of a scripted drama (e.g., dialogue, narration, character lists, time, place listing). 5. Analyze the choice of setting and characters used in a drama, include stories from the Bible. 6. Interpret and dramatize stories from the Bible. Expressive Qualities 7. Identify the message, theme, and purpose of a drama. 8. Analyze how different emotions affect an actor's movement, facial expression, posture, walk, and gestures. 	Sensory Elements 1. Analyze movement and sound (both vocal and non-vocal) choices used to communicate mood and character. 2. Combine physical shape, level, and/or facial expression to communicate theme, emotion, mood, and/or character dynamics. Organizational Principles 3. Identify conflict in a drama (e.g., man vs. man, man vs. self, man vs. nature, man vs. supernatural, man vs. society). 4. Differentiate between improvisation and scripted drama. 5. Analyze the choice of setting and characters used in a drama, include stories from the Bible. 6. Interpret and dramatize stories from the Bible and other religious works. Expressive Qualities 7. Identify the message, theme, and purpose of a drama. 8. Analyze how different emotions affect an actor's movement, facial expression, posture, walk, and gestures	 Grade 6-8 Sensory Elements Compare and contrast how the vocal elements (e.g., pitch, rate, volume, dialect, diction) and the physical elements (e.g., posture, gestures, facial expressions, mannerisms) are used to communicate character and conflict. Analyze the choice of design elements incorporated by a setting, costume, prop, sound, make-up, and/or lighting designer (color, line, texture, shape, space) to communicate an idea. Organizational Principles Combine the principles of tension, rhythm, pattern, unity, balance, and repetition to communicate an idea. Analyze dialogue, monologue, narration, and asides used to communicate events in a drama. Identify dramatic structure (exposition, rising action, climax, conflict/resolution). Interpret and dramatize stories from the Bible and other religious works. Expressive Qualities Evaluate the mood communicated by a performed drama against the written text and/or intention of the creators. Analyze character and plot dynamics.

GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (music).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

As a result of their schooling stude		0 1- 0	0 1 - 0
PreK-Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3
Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements
1. Identify loud, soft, high, and low	 Identify loud, soft, high, and low 	 Imitate loud, soft, high, and low 	Distinguish between loud/soft and
sounds.	sounds.	sounds.	high/low sounds.
Identify fast and slow music.	Identify fast and slow music.	Identify fast and slow music.	Distinguish between fast/slow
3. Identify long and short sounds.	3. Identify tone colors (timbres) of	3. Identify tone colors (timbres) of	music.
4. Echo a steady beat.	voices and environmental sounds.	voices, environmental sounds and	Distinguish between same and
·	4. Identify long and short sounds.	classroom instruments.	different tone colors (timbres) of
Organizational Principles	5. Echo a steady beat.	Imitate long and short sounds.	voices, classroom instruments and
5. Distinguish between same and	,	5. Echo a steady beat.	environmental sounds.
different phrases or sections in a	Organizational Principles		4. Distinguish between long and short
simple <u>sacred</u> and secular song.	6. Distinguish between same and	Organizational Principles	sounds.
	different phrases or sections in a	6. Indicate the phrases or sections in	5. Echo a rhythm pattern.
	simple <u>sacred</u> and secular song.	simple AB and ABA songs.	Replicate the beat in a musical composition.
	Expressive Qualities	Expressive Qualities	·
	7. Match the mood, emotion or	7. Identify the sensory element that	Organizational Principles
	concept expressed in a musical	creates mood, emotion or concept in	7. Identify simple music forms (e.g.,
	example with the sensory element	a <u>sacred</u> and secular musical	rondo, ostinato) when presented
	that creates that expressive quality.	example.	aurally.
			Expressive Qualities
			Identify different sensory elements
			that create a mood, emotion or
			concept in a simple sacred and
			secular musical selection.

GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (music).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6-8
Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements
Describe the tempo(s) and dynamic level(s) in a simple musical example.	 Describe the tempo(s) and dynamic level(s) in a complex musical example. 	Identify, describe and analyze a. Rhythm: quarter note, half note, whole note,
Identify tone colors (timbres) of a variety of musical instruments.	Identify the tone color(s) [timbre(s)] of the instruments and/or voices in aural musical	eighth note, sixteenth note, syncopation b. Melody: steps, leaps, repeats
Replicate the rhythm pattern of a given musical example.	example. 3. Distinguish between the beat and the rhythm(s) of	c. Harmony: rounds, cannons, 2-part, 3-part, unison, counter melody, 4-part
Demonstrate double and triple meter.	a given musical example.	d. Form: AB, ABA, AABACA, rondo, sonata
Identify major and minor tonalities in musical examples.	4. Identify the meter in a musical example.5. Distinguish major and minor tonalities in musical	e. Texture: solos, duets, chamber, symphonyf. Tone Color: family of instruments, e.g.,
6. Identify melodies going upward, going downward	examples.	strings, brass, woodwinds, percussion.
and staying the same in a written musical example.	 Describe melodic movement (e.g., upward, downward, steps, skips, repeated notes) in an 	Organizational Principles
7. Define melody and harmony.	aural example.Distinguish between a melody with harmony and a	Analyze the form of a simple <u>sacred</u> and secular musical composition.
Organizational Principles	melody without harmony.	Expressive Qualities
8. Describe the repetition and contrast in form in a		3. Compare and contrast the use of expressive
musical example.	Organizational Principles 8. Identify simple music forms (e.g., imitation, theme,	qualities in two performances of the same musical
Expressive Qualities	variation) when presented aurally.	example.
Describe different sensory elements that create a mood, emotion or concept in a simple <u>sacred</u>	Expressive Qualities	
and secular musical selection.	9. Justify the selection of organizational and sensory elements to express a particular mood, emotion or concept in a <u>sacred</u> and secular musical composition.	

GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (visual arts).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

As a result of their schooling stude	nts will be able to		
PreK-Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3
Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements	Sensory Elements
<u> </u>	0.10.0.0	Sensory Elements Describe a variety of lines (e.g., create a drawing using spiral, jagged, zigzag, wavy). Distinguish between organic (freeform, natural) and inorganic (geometric) forms/shapes. Identify primary, secondary, and analogous colors in an artwork. Identify a variety of textures from organic and person-made objects (e.g., use the technique of rubbing). Describe God's creation all around them. Organizational Principles Show size progression (e.g., organize small, medium, large).	
	 Expressive Qualities 7. Name the mood or emotion shown in artwork (e.g., happy, sad). 8. Talk about God's creation all around them. 	Expressive Qualities 7. Identify in an artwork elements (e.g., jagged lines, curved shapes, bright colors) that convey emotions (e.g., scary, mad). 8. Tell the story an artwork shows including religious art work.	middle ground and background. 8. Identify the horizon line in a given art works. 9. Describe symmetrical and asymmetrical balance. Expressive Qualities 10. Recognize and compare the mood or emotion in two or more art works (e.g., portrait, landscape, still life). 11. Compare the mood or emotion in two or more religious works of art.

GOAL 25: Know the language of the arts.

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements, organizational principles and expressive qualities of the arts (visual arts).

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard A: Understand the sensory elements and expressive qualities of the arts and use them to praise God.

Grade 4 Sensory Elements 1. Describe the use of line in gesture drawing. 2. Identify the positive and negative space in an art work. 3. Demonstrate an understanding from the book of Genesis about God's creation. 4. Distinguish between 2-D and 3-D art works. 5. Explain the importance of the light source in creating light and shadow. 6. Construct a color wheel in a given media (e.g., cut or torn paper, paint, oil pastels). Organizational Principles 7. Recognize rhythm created through repetition of sensory elements (e.g., the squares of Mondrain). 8. Recognize the relationship of parts to the whole in a sensory elements (a.g., cut on sensory elements to the whole in a sensory elements (a.g., cut on sensory elements (a.g., cut on sensory elements (a.g., the squares of Mondrain). Sensory Elements 1. Distinguish between foreground, middle ground and background in a still life composition (space). 2. Differentiate between positive and negative spaces in an art work. 3. Demonstrate an understanding of Christian ideas, e.g., the book of Genesis and God's creation, etc. 4. Describe value and line and how they transform shapes to 3-D forms. 5. Distinguish the light and dark values of a color (tint and shade) using a monochromatic scale. Organizational Principles 6. Recognize a repeated element that creates a rhythm. 7. Recognize variation in size and proportion to Organization in size and proportion to
 Describe the use of line in gesture drawing. Identify the positive and negative space in an art work. Demonstrate an understanding from the book of Genesis about God's creation. Distinguish between positive and negative spaces in an art work. Distinguish between 2-D and 3-D art works. Explain the importance of the light source in creating light and shadow. Construct a color wheel in a given media (e.g., cut or torn paper, paint, oil pastels). Organizational Principles Recognize rhythm created through repetition of sensory elements (e.g., the squares of Mondrain). Recognize the relationship of parts to the whole in Distinguish between figure and ground in a still life composition (space). Distinguish between positive and negative spaces in an art work. Demonstrate an understanding of Christian ideas, e.g., the book of Genesis and God's creation, etc. Demonstrate an understanding of contour. Comparization in a still life composition (space). Demonstrate an understanding of contour. Comparization in a s
an art work. 9. Demonstrate the use of radial balance in a 2-D art work. Expressive Qualities 10. Identify symbols from everyday life in a given art work. 11. Identify religious symbols from everyday life in a given art work. 12. Identify religious symbols from everyday life in a given art work. 13. Define and apply the elements and principles of a through projects. 14. Critique a work of art using appropriate language

Fine Arts Curriculum Project

Goal 25:

Know the language of the arts Understand the similarities, distinctions and connections in and among the arts. Standard B:

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard B: Through our faith, celebrate diversity in and among the arts.

Fine Arts Curriculum Project

Goal 25: Know the language of the arts

Standard B: Understand the similarities, distinctions and connections in and among the arts.

CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Standard B: Through our faith, celebrate diversity in and among the arts.

Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6-8
 Use the vocabulary of elements, principles and tools when describing a work of art. Plan and create a work of art that express a specific idea, mood or emotion using defined elements, principles and tools. Talk about the similarities and differences between two different forms of Christian art. 	Explain how elements, principles and tools are combined to express an idea in a work of art. Compare and contrast two works in one art form that share similar themes examining artistic components as it relates to Christian values and diversity.	 Analyze how the artistic components (e.g., elements, principles, expressive ideas; tools, processes, technologies; creative processes) are combined within a work of art. Compare and contrast two works in one art form that share similar themes examining artistic components as it relates to Christian values and diversity. Interpret religious paintings (e.g., Italian Renaissance, Byzantine works, etc.).