

# Diocese of Joliet: Catholic Curriculum Standards for Science, Grades K-8

## Basic Principles underlying All Standards to be used for the Planning of Curriculum for the Diocese of Joliet

Basic principles which inform all Catholic education in the Schools of the Diocese of Joliet are:

- All knowledge, in some way, reflects God's Truth, Beauty and Goodness.
- Curriculum and instruction enable deeper incorporation of the children into the Church, the formation of community within the school; and respect for the uniqueness and dignity of each person as created in the image of God.
- Education fosters growth in Christian virtue and contributes to development and formation of the whole person in light of his/her ultimate end and the good of the society of which he/she is a member.
- Each subject is to be examined in the context of the Catholic faith and is to be illuminated by Gospel values.
- Learning and formation occur in the Catholic school without separation as does the development of each student on both the natural and supernatural levels.
- Curriculum and instruction seeks to promote a synthesis of faith, life and culture and to form students as disciples of Jesus.



## DIOCESE OF JOLIET CATHOLIC SCHOOL



## **STANDARDS FOR SCIENCE**

By the very nature of creation, material being is endowed with its own stability, truth and excellence, its own order and laws. We must respect these truths as we recognize the methods proper to every science and technique. *Gaudium et Spes, #36* 

Science is a gift of human intellect, which is given to us by God to help us understand His Creation. Science is the study of interdependent relations in our earth's systems and structures that reflect God's truth, beauty, and goodness. These standards are directed toward life, earth, and physical aspects that enable deeper incorporation of children into the Church, the formation of community within the school, and respect for the uniqueness and dignity of each person as created in the image of God recognizing that scientific knowledge is a call to serve.

Life, Earth, and Physical Science foster growth in Christian virtue and develop an appreciation for God's creation and the good of society. Science is developing our stewardship and relationship in all aspects of our faith and Gospel values.

In a Catholic school, curricular formation....

- 1. Involves the integral formation of the whole person, body, mind and spirit, in light of his or her ultimate end and the good of society.
- 2. Promotes human virtues and the dignity of human person, as created in the image and likeness of God and modeled on the person of Jesus Christ.
- 3. Seeks to know and understand objective reality which includes transcendent Truth, is knowable by reason and faith, and finds its origin, unity, and end in God.
- 4. Develops a Catholic worldview and enables a deeper incorporation of the student into the heart of the Catholic Church.
- 5. Encourages a synthesis of faith, life, and culture.

## Kindergarten

## **CATHOLIC STANDARDS:**

- Explain how God created the world and all matter out of nothing and how it manifests His wisdom, glory and purpose. CSIS1
- Exhibit care and concern for each human person at all stages of life as an image and likeness of God. CSGS1
- Realize a sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe and its beauty. CSDS1

#### Life ~ From Modules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

- CS IS2: Describe the relationships, elements underlying order, harmony, and meaning in God's creation.
- CSIS4: Discuss and give examples of the beauty evident in God's creation
- CSIS6: Describe God' relationship with man and nature.
- LS1-1: Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive. (Similarities and differences among plants and animals)

Earth & Space ~ Earth's Systems (Weather and Climate - Diocesan Assessment)

- CSDS2: Share concern and care for the environment as part of God's creation.
- CSIS4: Discuss and give examples of the beauty evident in God's creation
- CSIS5: Discuss processes of conservation, preservation, overconsumption, and stewardship of creation as caring for that which God has given us to sustain us.
- CSIS6: Describe God' relationship with man and nature.
- ESS2-1: Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.
- ESS2-2: Construct an argument supported by evidence for how plants and animals (including humans) can change the environment to meet their need.

Earth & Space ~ Earth and Human Activity

 ESS3-1: Use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants or animals (including humans) and the places they live. **Physical** ~ Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions

- CSDS3: Realize that nature should not be manipulated simply at man's will or only viewed as a thing to be used, but that man must cooperate with God's plan for himself and for nature.
- PS2-1: Plan and conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.
- PS2-2: Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the speed or direction of an object with a push or a pull.

#### Physical ~ Energy

- CSIS5: Discuss processes of conservation, preservation, overconsumption, and stewardship of creation as caring for that which God has given us to sustain us.
- PS3-1: Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.

<ul> <li>ESS3-2: Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact of humans on land, water air, and/or other living things in the local environment</li> <li>ESS3-2: Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PS3-2: Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the global warming effect of sunlight on an area.</li> </ul>
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- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to how things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of the meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
- ETS1-1: Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
- ETS1-2: Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.
- ETS1-3: Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.

## **First Grade**

## **CATHOLIC STANDARDS:**

- Explain how God created the world and all matter out of nothing and how it manifests His wisdom, glory and purpose. CSIS1
- Exhibit care and concern for each human person at all stages of life as an image and likeness of God. CSGS1
- Realize a sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe and its beauty. CSDS1

#### Life ~ From Molecules to Organism: Structures and Processes

- CSIS2: Describe the relationships, elements underlying order, harmony, and meaning in God's creation.
- CSIS4: Discuss and give examples of the beauty evident in God's creation
- CSIS6: Describe God' relationship with man and nature.
- LS1-1: Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.
- LS1-2: Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.
- CSIS3: Explain how creation is an outward sign of God's love and goodness and, therefore, is "sacramental" in nature.
- Life ~ Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits - LS3-1: Make observations to construct an
  - evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.

## Earth & Space ~Earth's Place in the Universe

- CSIS2: Describe the relationships, elements underlying order, harmony, and meaning in God's creation.
- CSIS6: Describe God' relationship with mankind and nature.
- ESS1-1: Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.
- ESS1-2: Make observations at different times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the time of year.

**Physical** ~ Waves and their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer

- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with his purposes.
- PS4-1: Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate.
- PS4-2: Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that objects can be seen only when illuminated.
- PS4-3: Plan and conduct an investigation to determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials in the path of a beam of light.
- PS4-4: Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to solve the problem of communicating over a distance.

- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to how things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of the meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
- ETS1-1: Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
- ETS1-2: Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.
- ETS1-3: Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.

## **Second Grade**

## **CATHOLIC STANDARDS:**

- Explain how God created the world and all matter out of nothing and how it manifests His wisdom, glory and purpose. CSIS1
- Exhibit care and concern for each human person at all stages of life as an image and likeness of God. CSGS1
- Display a sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe and its beauty. CSDS1

Life ~ Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics

#### Earth & Space ~ Earth's Place in the Universe

- CSIS2: Describe the relationships, elements underlying order, harmony, and meaning in God's creation.
- CSIS4: Discuss the beauty evident in God's creation
- LS2-1: Plan and conduct an investigation to determine if plants need sunlight and water to grow.
- LS2-2: Develop a simple model that mimics the function of an animal in dispersing seeds or pollinating plants.

**Life:** Interdependent Biology Evolution: Unity and Diversity (Plants and Animals)

- CSIS6: Describe God' relationship with man and nature.
- LS4-1: Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.

- CSDS2: Share concern and care for the environment as part of God's creation.

- CSIS5: Discuss processes of conservation, preservation, overconsumption, and stewardship of creation as caring for that which God has given us to sustain us.
- ESS1-1: Use information from several sources to provide evidence that Earth events can occur quickly or slowly.

### Earth & Space ~ Earth's Systems

- ESS2-1: Compare multiple solutions designed to slow or prevent wind or water from changing the shape of the land.
- ESS2-2: Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.
- ESS2-3: Obtain information to identify where water is found on Earth and that it can be solid or liquid.

#### Physical ~ Matter and its Interactions

- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to "how" things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
- PS1-1: Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.
- PS1-2: Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which material share the properties that are the best suited for an intended purpose.
- PS1-3: Make observations to construct an evidence-based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces can be disassembled and made into a new object.
- PS1-4: Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating and cooling can be reversed and some cannot.

- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to how things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of the meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
- ETS1-1: Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
- ETS1-2: Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.
- ETS1-3: Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.

## **Third Grade**

### **CATHOLIC STANDARDS:**

- Explain how God created the world and all matter out of nothing and how it manifests His wisdom, glory and purpose. CSIS1
- Exhibit care and concern for each human person at all stages of life as an image and likeness of God. CSGS1
- Display a sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe and its beauty. CSDS1

Life ~ Biological from Modules to	Life ~ Biological Evolution: Unity	Earth & Space~ Earth's	Physical ~ Forces and
Organisms: Structures and	and Diversity	Systems	Interactions
Processes	- CSIS2: Describe the	- CSDS2: Share concern and	- CSIS8: Investigate how
- CSIS3: Explain how creation is	relationships, elements,	care for the environment	science properly limits its
an outward sign of God's love	underlying order, harmony,	as part of God's creation.	focus to "how" things
and goodness and, therefore,	and meaning in God's	- CSIS5: Discuss processes	physically exist and is not
is "sacramental" in nature.	creation.	of conservation,	designed to answer issues
- CSIS4: Discuss and give	- CSIS6: Describe God's	preservation,	of meaning, the value of
examples of the beauty	relationship with mankind and	overconsumption, and	things, or the mysteries of
evident in God's creation	nature.	stewardship of creation as	the human person.
- CSIS6: Describe God's	LS4-1. Analyze and interpret	caring for that which God	- PS2-1. Plan and conduct an
relationship with mankind and	data from fossils to provide	has given to sustain us.	investigation to provide
nature.	evidence of the organisms and	- ESS2-1. Represent data in	evidence of the effects of
- LS1-1. Develop models to	the environments in which they	tables and graphical	balanced and unbalanced
describe that organisms have	lived long ago.	displays to describe typical	forces on the motion of an
unique and diverse life cycles but	<ul> <li>LS4-2. Use evidence to</li> </ul>	weather conditions	object.
all have in common birth,	construct an explanation for	expected during a	- PS2-2. Make observations
growth, reproduction, and death.	how the variations in	particular season.	and/or measurements of
Life ~ Ecosystems: Interactions,	characteristics among	- ESS2-2. Obtain and	an object's motion to
Energy, and Dynamics	individuals of the same species	combine information to	provide evidence that a
<ul> <li>LS2-1. Construct an argument</li> </ul>	may provide advantages in	describe climates in	pattern can be used to
that some animals form groups	surviving, finding mates, and	different regions of the	predict future motion.
that help members survive.	reproducing.	world.	- PS2-3. Ask questions to
Life ~ Heredity: Inheritance and	- LS4-3. Construct an argument	Earth & Space~ Earth and	determine cause and effect
Variation of Traits	with evidence that in a	Human Activity	relationships of electric or
- LS3-1. Analyze and interpret data	particular habitat some	- ESS3-1. Make a claim	magnetic interactions
to provide evidence that plants	organisms can survive well,	about the merit of a design	between two objects not in
and animals have traits inherited	some survive less well, and	solution that reduces the	contact with each other.
from parents and that variation	some cannot survive at all.		

of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms. - LS3-2. Use evidence to support the explanation that traits can be influenced by the environment.	<ul> <li>LS4-4. Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.</li> </ul>	impacts of a weather- related hazard.	<ul> <li>PS2-4. Define a simple design problem that can be solved by applying scientific ideas about magnets.</li> </ul>
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- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to how things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of the meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
  - ETS1-1: Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
  - ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
  - ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

## Fourth Grade

## **CATHOLIC STANDARDS:**

- Explain how God created the world and all matter out of nothing and how it manifests His wisdom, glory and purpose. CSIS1
- Exhibit care and concern for each human person at all stages of life as an image and likeness of God.CSGS1
- Describe how the use of the scientific method to explore and understand nature, differs yet complements, theological questions one asks in order to understand God and His works. CSIS9
- Display a sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe and its beauty CSDS1
- Accept that scientific knowledge is a call to serve and not simply a means to gain power, material prosperity, or success. CSDS4

Life ~ From Molecules to Organisms:	Earth & Space ~ Earth's Place in the Universe	Physical ~ Energy
Structures and Processes	- CSDS2: Share concern and care for the	- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly
- CSIS3: Explain how creation is an	environment as part of God's creation.	limits its focus to "how" things physically
outward sign of God's love and	<ul> <li>CSIS2: Describe the relationships,</li> </ul>	exist and is not designed to answer issues
goodness and, therefore, is	elements, underlying order, harmony, and	of meaning, the value of things, or the
"sacramental" in nature.	meaning in God's creation.	mysteries of the human person.
- CSIS4: Discuss the beauty evident in	- CSIS5: Discuss processes of conservation,	<ul> <li>PS3-1. Use evidence to construct an</li> </ul>
God's creation	preservation, overconsumption, and	explanation relating the speed of an object
- CSIS6: Describe God' relationship with	stewardship of creation as caring for that	to the energy of that object.
mankind and nature	which God has given us to sustain us.	- PS3-2. Make observations to provide
- LS1-1. Construct an argument that	- ESS1-1. Identify evidence from patterns in	evidence that energy can be transferred
plants and animals have internal and	rock formations and fossils in rock layers	from place to place by sound, light, heat,
external structures that function to	to support an explanation for changes in a	and electric currents.
support survival, growth, behavior,	landscape over time.	- PS3-3. Ask questions and predict outcomes
and reproduction.	Earth & Space ~ Earth's Systems	about the changes in energy that occur
- LS1-2. Use a model to describe that	<ul> <li>ESS2-1. Make observations and/or</li> </ul>	when objects collide.
animals receive different types of	measurements to provide evidence of the	- PS3-4. Apply scientific ideas to design, test,
information through their senses,	effects of weathering or the rate of	and refine a device that converts energy
process the information in their brain,	erosion by water, ice, wind, or vegetation.	from one form to another.
and respond to the information in	<ul> <li>ESS2-2. Analyze and interpret data from</li> </ul>	Physical ~ Waves: Waves and Information
different ways.	maps to describe patterns of Earth's	- CSIS2: Describe the relationships,
	features.	elements, underlying order, harmony, and
	Earth & Space ~ Earth and Human Activity	meaning in God's creation.
	- ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information to	- PS4-1. Develop a model of waves to
	describe that energy and fuels are derived	describe patterns in terms of amplitude

from natural resources and their uses affect the environment. - ESS3-2. Generate and compare multiple solutions to reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans.	<ul> <li>and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move.</li> <li>PS4-2. Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allow objects to be seen.</li> <li>PS4-3. Generate and compare multiple solutions that use patterns to transfer information.</li> </ul>
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- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to how things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of the meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
- ETS1-1: Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
- ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
- ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

## Fifth Grade

## **CATHOLIC STANDARDS:**

- Explain how God created the world and all matter out of nothing and how it manifests His wisdom, glory and purpose. CSIS1
- Exhibit care and concern for each human person at all stages of life as an image and likeness of God. CSGS1
- Describe how the use of the scientific method to explore and understand nature, differs yet complements, theological questions one asks in order to understand God and His works. CSIS9
- Display a sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe and its beauty. CSDS1
- Value that scientific knowledge is a call to serve and not simply a means to gain power, material prosperity, or success. CSDS4

Life ~ From Molecules to	Earth & Space ~ Earth's Place in the Universe	Physical ~Matter and Its Interactions
Organisms: Structures and	- CSDS2: Value and care for the environment	- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly
Processes	as part of God's creation.	limits its focus to "how" things physically
- CSIS4: Discuss the beauty	- CSIS2: Describe the relationships, elements,	exist and is not designed to answer issues
evident in God's creation	underlying order, harmony, and meaning in	of meaning, the value of things, or the
- CSIS6: Describe God's	God's creation.	mysteries of the human person.
relationship with man and	- ESS1-1. Support an argument that	- PS1-1. Develop a model to describe that
nature	differences in the apparent brightness of the	matter is made of particles too small to be
- LS1-1. Support an argument	sun compared to other stars is due to their	seen.
that plants get the materials	relative distances from Earth.	<ul> <li>PS1-2. Measure and graph quantities to</li> </ul>
they need for growth chiefly	- ESS1-2. Represent data in graphical displays	provide evidence that regardless of the
from air and water.	to reveal patterns of daily changes in length	type of change that occurs when heating,
Life ~ Ecosystems: Interactions,	and direction of shadows, day and night, and	cooling, or mixing substances, the total
energy, and Dynamics	the seasonal appearance of some stars in the	weight of matter is conserved.
- CSIS2: Describe the	night sky.	<ul> <li>PS1-3. Make observations and</li> </ul>
relationships, elements,	Earth & Space ~ Earth's Systems	measurements to identify materials based
underlying order, harmony,	- CSIS2: Describe the relationships, elements,	on their properties.
and meaning in God's	underlying order, harmony, and meaning in	<ul> <li>PS1-4. Conduct an investigation to</li> </ul>
creation.	God's creation.	determine whether the mixing of two or
- LS2-1. Develop a model to	- ESS2-1. Develop a model using an example	more substances results in new substances.
describe the movement of	to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere,	Physical ~Motion and Stability: Forces and
matter among plants,	hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.	Interactions
animals, decomposers, and	- ESS2-2. Describe and graph the amounts	- CSIS6: Describe God' relationship with
the environment.	and percentages of water and fresh water	mankind and nature
	in various reservoirs to provide evidence	
	about the distribution of water on Earth.	

Ea	<ul> <li>arth &amp; Space ~ Earth and Human Activity</li> <li>CSIS5: Discuss processes of conservation, preservation, overconsumption, and stewardship of creation as caring for that which God has given us to sustain us.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PS2-1. Support an argument that the gravitational force exerted by Earth on objects is directed down.</li> <li>Physical ~Energy</li> <li>PS3-1. Use models to describe that energy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.</li> </ul>	in animals' food (used for body repair, growth, motion, and to maintain body warmth) was once energy from the sun.

- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to how things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of the meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
- ETS1-1: Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
- ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
- ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

## **GRADES 6-8**

## **CATHOLIC STANDARDS:**

- Exhibit care and concern for each human person at all stages of life as an image and likeness of God. CSGS1
- Explore and promote the unity of faith and reason with confidence that no contradiction exists between the God of nature and the God of faith. CSGS2
- Internalize that the body is the temple of the Holy Spirit CSGS3
- Share how the beauty and goodness of God is reflected in the natural sciences. CSGS4
- Explain how the use of the scientific method to explore and understand nature, differs yet complements, theological questions one asks in order to understand God and His Works.CSIS9
- Research the basic contributions of significant Catholic scientists such as Copernicus, Galileo, Mendel, DaVinci, Bacon, Pasteur, St. Albert the Great, and others. CSIS11
- Discuss the false assumptions of some who believe science can replace our faith. CSIS10
- Display a deep sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe. CSDS1

## Grades 6-8 ~ Life Science

#### From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

- CSIS2: Display confidence in human reason and in one's ability to know the truth about God creation.
- CSIS4: Discuss how the search for truth, even when it concerns a finite reality of the natural world or of man, is never-ending, but always points beyond to something higher.
- CSIS10: Understand and discuss the limitations of science (the scientific method and constraints of the physical world) to know and understand God.
- MS-LS1-1. Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that living things are made of cells; either one cell or many different numbers and types of cells.
- MS-LS1-2. Develop and use a model to describe the function of a cell as a whole and ways parts of cells contribute to the function.
- MS-LS1-3. Use argument supported by evidence for how the body is a system of interacting subsystems composed of groups of cells.
- MS-LS1-4. Use argument based on empirical evidence and scientific reasoning to support an explanation for how characteristic animal behaviors and specialized plant structures affect the probability of successful reproduction of animals and plants respectively.
- MS-LS1-5. Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how environmental and genetic factors influence the growth of organisms.
- MS-LS1-6. Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.

- MS-LS1-7. Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.
- MS-LS1-8. Gather and synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories.

#### **Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics**

- CSIS2: Describe the relationships, elements, underlying order, harmony, and meaning in God's creation.
- CSIS5: Discuss processes of conservation, preservation, overconsumption and stewardship of creation as caring for that which God has given us to sustain us.
- MS-LS2-1. Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem.
- MS-LS2-2. Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interactions among organisms across multiple ecosystems.
- MS-LS2-3. Develop a model to describe the cycling of matter and flow of energy among living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem.
- MS-LS2-4. Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect populations.
- MS-LS2-5. Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.

#### Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits

- CSIS6: Discuss the relationship between God, man, and nature, and one's proper role in the totality of being and creation.
- CSIS7: Describe humanity's natural situation in, and dependence upon, physical reality and how we carry out our role as a cooperator with God
- CSIS17: Demonstrate an understanding of the moral issues involving cellular research and human experimentation and what the Church teaches regarding work in these areas.
- MS-LS3-1. Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism.
- MS-LS3-2. Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information and sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation.

#### **Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity**

- CSIS12: Examine and discuss the Church's approach to the theory of evolution.
- CSIS13: Discuss how the human soul is specifically created by God for each human being and does not evolve from lesser matter, nor is it inherited from our parents.
- MS-LS4-1. Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the existence, diversity, extinction, and change of life forms throughout the history of life on Earth under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past.
- MS-LS4-2. Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships.
- MS-LS4-3. Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in the embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy.

- MS-LS4-4. Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.
- MS-LS4-5. Gather and synthesize information about the technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.
- MS-LS4-6. Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.

## Grades 6-8 ~ Earth and Space Science

#### Earth's Place in the Universe

- CSIS6: Discuss the relationship between God, man, and nature, and one's proper role in the totality of being and creation.
- MS-ESS1-1. Develop and use a model of the Earth-sun-moon system to describe the cyclic patterns of lunar phases, eclipses of the sun and moon, and seasons.
- MS-ESS1-2. Develop and use a model to describe the role of gravity in the motions within galaxies and the solar system.
- MS-ESS1-3. Analyze and interpret data to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system.
- MS-ESS1-4. Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's 4.6billion-year-old history.

#### Earth's Systems

- CSIS2: Describe the relationships, elements, underlying order, harmony, and meaning in God's creation.
- MS-ESS2-1. Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process.
- MS-ESS2-2. Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes have changed Earth's surface at varying time and spatial scales.
- MS-ESS2-3. Analyze and interpret data on the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the past plate motions.
- MS-ESS2-4. Develop a model to describe the cycling of water through Earth's systems driven by energy from the sun and the force of gravity.
- MS-ESS2-5. Collect data to provide evidence for how the motions and complex interactions of air masses results in changes in weather conditions.
- MS-ESS2-6. Develop and use a model to describe how unequal heating and rotation of the Earth cause patterns of atmospheric and oceanic circulation that determine regional climates.

#### Earth and Human Activity

- CSIS5: Discuss processes of conservation, preservation, over consumption, and stewardship of creation as caring for that which God has given us to sustain us.
- CSAD4: Value and care for the environment as part of God's creation.
- MS-ESS3-1. Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how the uneven distributions of Earth's mineral, energy, and groundwater resources are the result of past and current geosciences processes.

- MS-ESS3-2. Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects.
- MS-ESS3-3. Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.
- MS-ESS3-4. Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
- MS-ESS3-5. Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century.

## Grades 6-8 ~ Physical Science

CSIS9: Distinguish the difference between the use of the scientific method (as the primary cause) and the use of theological inquiry (as the secondary cause) to know and understand God's creation and universal truth.

CSDS3: Adhere to the idea simultaneous complexity and simplicity of physical reality.

#### Matter and Its Interactions

- MS-PS1-1. Develop models to describe the atomic composition of simple molecules and extended structures.
- MS-PS1-2. Analyze and interpret data on the properties of substances before and after the substances interact to determine if a chemical reaction has occurred.
- MS-PS1-3. Gather and make sense of information to describe that synthetic materials come from natural resources and impact society.
- MS-PS1-4. Develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal energy is added or removed.
- MS-PS1-5. Develop and use a model to describe how the total number of atoms does not change in a chemical reaction and thus mass is conserved.
- MS-PS1-6. Undertake a design project to construct, test, and modify a device that either releases or absorbs thermal energy by chemical processes.

#### **Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions**

- MS-PS2-1. Apply Newton's Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of two colliding objects.
- MS-PS2-2. Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.
- MS-PS2-3. Ask questions about data to determine the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.
- MS-PS2-4. Construct and present arguments using evidence to support the claim that gravitational interactions are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting objects.
- MS-PS2-5. Conduct an investigation and evaluate the experimental design to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact.

#### Energy

- MS-PS3-1. Construct and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object.

- MS-PS3-2. Develop a model to describe that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system.
- MS-PS3-3. Apply scientific principles to design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes thermal energy transfer.
- MS-PS3-4. Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic energy of the particles as measured by the temperature of the sample.
- MS-PS3-5. Construct, use, and present arguments to support the claim that when the kinetic energy of an object changes, energy is transferred to or from the object.

#### Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer

- MS-PS4-1. Use mathematical representations to describe a simple model for waves that includes how the amplitude of a wave is related to the energy in a wave.
- MS-PS4-2. Develop and use a model to describe that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials
- MS-PS4-3. Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.

## Grades 6-8 ~ Engineering Design

- CSIS7: Describe how science and technology should always be at the service of humanity, and ultimately, to God in harmony with His purposes.
- CSIS8: Investigate how science properly limits its focus to how things physically exist and is not designed to answer issues of the meaning, the value of things, or the mysteries of the human person.
- MS-ETS1-1. Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions
- MS-ETS1-2. Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem
- MS-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.
- MS-ETS1-4. Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.